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What The Heck Is DuckDB? by @ProgRockRec

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July 27th 2022 | 6 min | by <u>@ProgRockRec</u> ★ 2,289 reads □



Read by Dr. One (en-US) 1x

#amazon-redshift

#database

#database-design

#sql-database

#sqlite



#duckdb



I like to spend time on Linkedin reading through posts from companies about news, new releases, funding, new products, etc.. During a recent perusal, I saw something about "DuckDB", and as much as I pay attention to the data

Introduction

#column-database

space, I hadn't heard of this one, so I thought I'd investigate and answer the question "What the heck is DuckDB?". **Overview**

DuckDB itself is an MIT-licensed open source project whose code is hosted

on GitHub. DuckDB Labs is a commercial company formed by the creators of

DuckDB in July 2021 to provide support, custom extensions, and even custom versions of the product as a way to monetize it. This model reminds me of the early days of open source monetization and is one I like. DuckDB is briefly described as SQLite for analytic workloads. While SQLite is an embeddable, row-based, and b-tree indexed data store well suited for

OLTP workloads, DuckDB is an embeddable column-based data store that uses vectorized processing to optimize OLAP workloads, you could also think of it as an embedded Amazon Redshift or a mutant offspring of SQLite and Redshift. Some of the features are: Simple installation • Single-File storage format

- No server Fast processing
- Language library integrations
- Not reliant on any external config files or settings Programmatic SQL API
- Fully ACID compliant WASM (web assembly) version available
- OLTP For your operation workloads
- Shorter queries Longer queries for complex questions Tables are more highly normalized Tables are de-normalized Typically implemented as row-Typically implemented as columnoriented data stores oriented data stores

OLAP

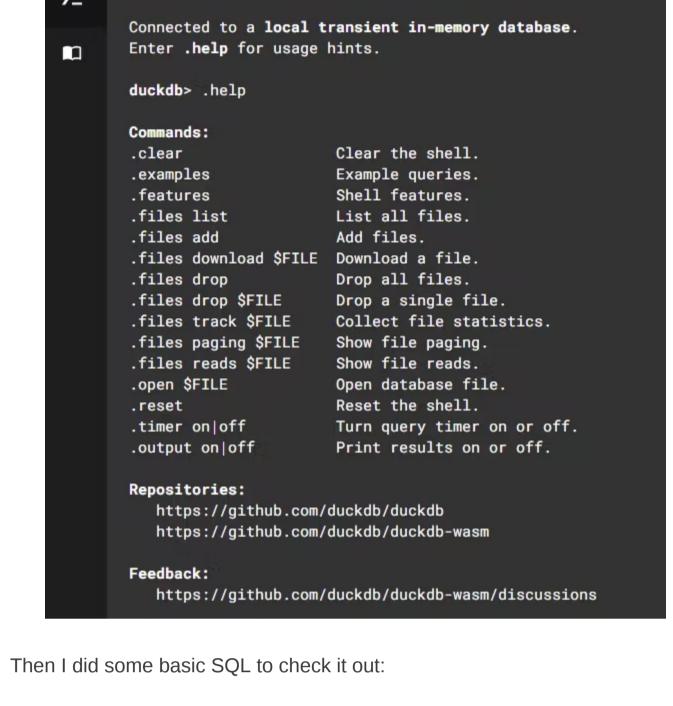
For your analytic workloads

some Parquet files, of which I grabbed some to play with from here. I started with the ".files add" command to load up the parquet file:

Testing

DuckDB Web Shell Database: v0.4.0 Package: @duckdb/duckdb-wasm@1.16.1-dev12.0 Connected to a local transient in-memory database.

I decided to use their very clever WASM web-based shell to try out querying



count_star() 1000

Stewart

Torres

Green

duckdb> select count(*) from userdata1.parquet;

```
Elapsed: 1 ms
duckdb>
```

duckdb> select first_name, last_name, email from userdata1.parquet where country = 'Nigeria'; | first_name | last_name | email estewart9@opensource.org

atorrest@ning.com

wgreen63@phpbb.com

		•
Jack	Medina	jmedina7y <mark>@fda.gov</mark>
Jeremy	Bennett	jbennettck <mark>@wikipedia.org</mark>
Carlos	Day	cdaycn@gravatar.com
Ryan	Mills	rmillsgj@angelfire.com
Betty	Gibson	bgibsonka@tamu.edu
Wanda	Stanley	wstanleymz@sourceforge.net
Evelyn	Spencer	espencerpi@ted.com
George	Howard	ghowardqh@mapquest.com
Elapsed: 2 m	IS	
∕ou can even d	do an 'explain'	:
duckdb> expl userdata1.pa		rst_name, last_name, email from

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last_name email

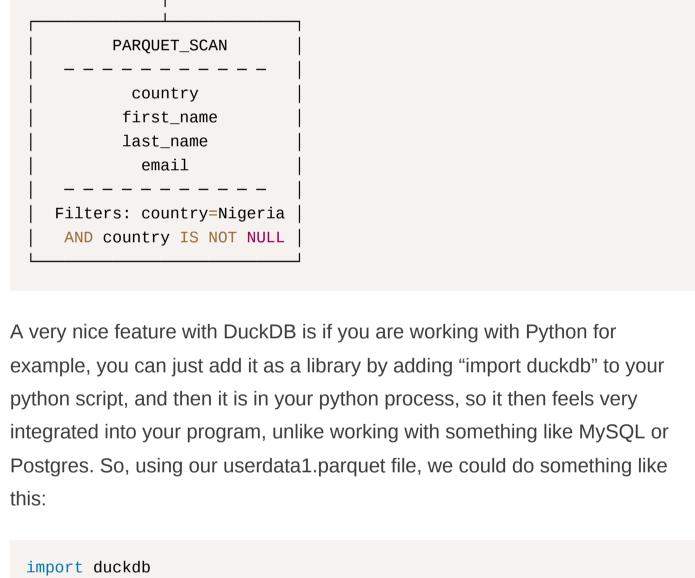
PROJECTION

first_name

Emily

Annie

| William



myconnector = duckdb.connect('myduckdb.duckdb')

int,

varchar varchar

cursor = myconnector.cursor()

registration_dttm date,

cursor.execute("""

first_name

Last_name

CREATE TABLE userdata(

email varchar varchar gender ip_address varchar, varchar CC varchar, country birthdate varchar salary float, title varchar comments cursor.execute("COPY userdata FROM 'userdata1.parquet' (HEADER)") print(cursor.execute('select count(*) from userdata).fetchall()) cursor.close() conn.close() In the code snippet shown above, we connect to the 'myduckdb.duckdb' database, create a table that matches our parquet file, copy the data into it and then perform a simple count query. Summary

This is a really cool project. While I've been aware of the advantages of

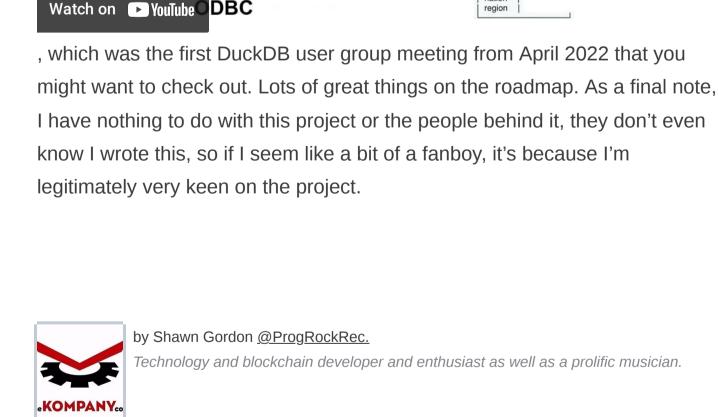
columnar data stores for about eight years because of Sisense initially, I only

started working with them more extensively in the past year. I'm especially

excited by their WASM implementation and the clever things they did with

Arrow as a data protocol for the data import and query results. Not only is it a great technical example of WASM, but it has some great utility as well. Then, as I was wrapping this up, I ran across a **ModkeoimFi**rst DuckDB User Group Meeting - April 14 2022

Python-Style List/Struct syntax Compatibility views for Postgres Catalog ODBC Driver Row-Group Based Storage SELECT c.relname FROM pg_class c ELECT {'i': [1,2, 3], 'j': 4}; JOIN pg_namespace n ON n.oid = c.relnamespace WHERE n.nspname = 'main' AND c.relkind in ('r', 'p'); relname | lineitem | orders | partsupp | part | customer | supplier | nation | region |



TEMPLATE

Check out my library

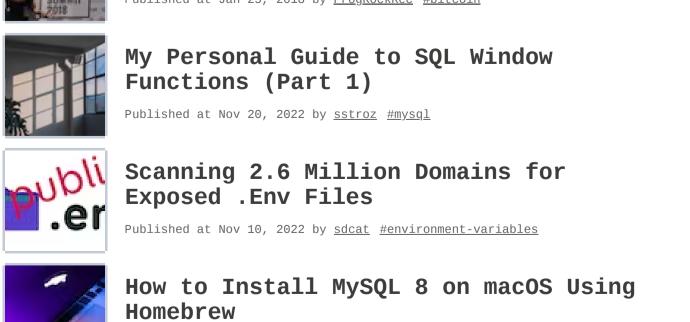
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