

Algorithms & Complexity PNA 6

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Themes in PNA 6

PNA 6.1 [Buhrman/de Wolf]

- Quantum computing

PNA 6.2 [Grünwald/Vitanyi]

- Learning theory

- PNA 6.3 [Buhrman/de Wolf/Vitanyi]
 Complexity & information theory
- PNA 6.4 [Buhrman]

- Computational biology



PNA 6.1 Quantum Computing







Quantum Computing



- Algorithms: factoring, search ...
- Quantum communication, crypto ...



Highlights of PNA 6.1

- Fault-tolerance threshold (with PNA1)
- Quantum communication complexity
- Quantum non-locality & functional analysis
- Classical theorems via quantum techniques



Grand Challenges PNA 6.1

- New quantum algorithms
- Applications physics/math/CS

• Quantum crypto



PNA 6.2 Learning theory







Learning Theory

- Information theoretic methods for learning from data
- Learning when all models are wrong
- Minimum Description Length (MDL)
- Forensic statistics



Highlights PNA 6.2

- MDL is suboptimal in classification – MDL can overfit
- Switch distribution
 - Prediction method outperforms Bayes when models wrong
- Standard book on MDL (Grünwald)





Grand Challenges PNA 6.2

- Learning when all models are wrong
 - Generalization of MDL avoids overfit
 - Unify Vapnik's learning theory and MDL
 - Application in forensic statistics



PNA 6.3 Complexity & Information Theory







Complexity & Information Theory

- Computational complexity
- Kolmogorov complexity
- Distributed computing

• Property testing



Highlights PNA 6.3

An Introduction to Kolmogorov Complexity

Paul Vitány

D Springer

- Third edition Kolmogorov complexity book (Li-Vitanyi)
- Exponential density of NP-hard sets under reasonable assumption: co-NP not in NP/poly
- New bounds for testing Isomorphism of Boolean functions



Grand Challenges PNA 6.3

- New non-relativizing separations
 Separations a la P vs NP
- Time-limited Kolmogorov Complexity – Characterization of random strings
- Connection with quantum computing



PNA 6.4 Computational Biology







Highlights PNA 6.4

- Model optimization of genetic code – Why is the code unique?
- Model evolutionary advantage of pan editing in trypanosomatids
- Theory of early peptides



Grand Challenges PNA 6.4

- Apply techniques from math/CS to modeling of (early) evolution
- Apply techniques from quantum computing to simulate bio-systems
- Apply clustering techniques based on Kolmogorov complexity to biological systems/pathways



SWOT analysis PNA 6





Strengths

- Strong, international reputation in many mainstream areas
- Amply funded & prizes: Veni, Vidi, Vici, EU, van Dantzig prijs
- Many publications in top journals and conferences
- Successful PhD students

Weakness

- E pluribus unum: federation of research areas
- Distance from practice?

Opportunities

CWI

Quantum: coop. with physics (U of A, Delft) & math (PNA 1, 2 & 5)

- Learning: forensics
 & decline effect
- Complexity: link
 quantum computing
- Bio: coop. MAC 4

Threats

- Competition with major North American universities for PhD's & postdocs (MIT/Berkeley etc.)
- Diminishing funding opportunities



Strategy

• Preserving our strength in diversity

Cooperation with PNA1, 2, 5 & MAC4
 Joint project on QC & combinatorics PNA1

- Cooperation with physics, math & bio
- Growing the bio-computing branch